

Panelists: Wakiko Ohira(上智大学助教授)

Prof. Saidou Madougou (Director of the African Union' education)

Ms. Delphine Mukahirwa (Graduate of the Kobe Institute of Information Science and Technology)

Ms. Amani Guizani (Graduate of the University of Tokyo)

Yoshitaka Sugihara (在日米国商工会議所 vice president)

This event was a panel discussion with five speakers. The speakers each discussed African Innovation from their own unique perspective. Key wards; education for youth, the importance of the power system, language, African risky, tax incentive and AI.

1, Stable power supply is indeed important to access to the network and keep education going without breaks.

It means that promotion of education and innovation is not possible without a stable power supply. We should collaborate more to advance technologies such as solar power generation.

2, The debate about whether to conduct education in one's native language or in English, among other languages, is also interesting. It is a difficult question, but one point is that using multiple languages leads to innovation.

3, We must change the stereotype that Africa is risky. It's important to correctly assess risks.

4, Mr. Sugihara introduced the example of Kamikatsu Town as a success story through the introduction of ICT(情報通信技術). And tax incentives are also important for increasing successful cases like Kamikatsu Town.

I have come to realize once again that in the coming era, the stability of power supply will have a big impact on education and innovation. Geopolitically, Africa is likely well-suited for solar power generation. I think it would be ideal to build more beneficial partnership with each other rather than relying on aid.

すぎはらさんが上勝町の「葉っぱビジネス」が紹介されたときはちょっと驚きました。やはり良い事例なのでですね。Tax incentives の話も、この文脈でされていたような気がするのですが、間違えているかもしれません。すぎはらさんの英語が一番早口でした(笑)。