　　　ＡＳＣ－ＴＵＦＳ　５ｔｈ　Ａｎｎｉｖｅｒｓａｒｙ　Ｉｎｔｅｒｎａｔｉｏｎａｌ　Ｓｙｍｐｏｓｉｕｍ

　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　 3　Ｎｏｖ．　２０２１

Ｍａｎｙ　ｒｅｓｅａｒｃｈｅｒｓ　ｓｈｏｗｅｄ　ｔｈｅｉｒ　ｓｔｕｄｉｅｓ　ｆｒｏｍ　ｔｈｅ　ｐｏｉｎｔ　ｏｆ　Ａｆｒｉｃａｎ　ｈｉｓｔｏｒｙ　ａｎｄ　ｔｏｄａｙ‘ｓ　Ａｆｒｉｃａｎ’s　ｓｉｔｕａｔｉｏｎ．

Ｔｈｅ　Ａｆｒｉｃａｎ　Ｕｎｉｏｎ　（ＡＵ），ｅｓｔａｂｌｉｓｈｅｄ　ｉｎ　２０１８, 　and the International Authority on Development (IGAS) ｐｌａｙｅｄ　ａ　ｂｉｇ　ｒｏｌｅ in　 peace and 　security ｉｎ　ｔｈｅ　ｃｏｎｆｌｉｃｔs of South Sudan, or ｇｅｎｏｃｉｄｅｓ、　ｓｕｒｐｐｒｅｓｓｅｓ，　ａｔｒｏｃｉｔｉｅｓ and ｓｅｘｕａｌ　ｖｉｏｌｅｎｃｅｓ toward the ethnic groups.

Also in Cote d’Ivoire, they used methodology using the extractive industries transparency initiative (EITI). That had

an effect of national reconciliation.

In Sierra Leone, they use EITI as a global norm, data report of rent　and how revenue is used in western Uganda, and how the traditional authorities of Kingdom work about EITI.

Mali’s economy depends on agricultural production, and the financial institution tries to eradicate poverty and studies about the socio-economic effects and about the women’s activities.

One of the researchers from Tanzania talked about the women’s entrepreneurship’s risk or children’s malnutrition.

But forming groups and support from extended actors, they are becoming empowered together, forming their businesses.

In smallholders in Tanzania, the National Agricultural Input Voucher Scheme (NAIVS) is resulted good.

The impact of climate change like flood, drought or heatwave made the community use early monitoring for sustainable economy. Community Ecological Based Adaption (CEBA) can be one of the most effective way for a sustainable, adaptive and resilience agriculture sector in the face of a changing and unpredictable climate.

Networking session からも引用して作成しましたが、それぞれの国の情勢により対応が違うと思います。一括りにアフリカの事情を纏めることは難しいですし、日本を含め、世界どの国にも改善すべき点はあると思いつつ、格好良い事を申し上げてしまいました。　お許しください。

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Reiko Hiyosi